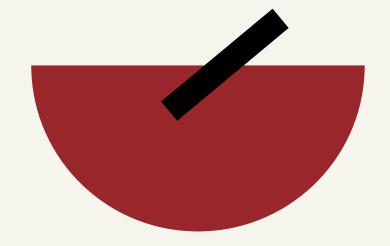




Justice • Equity • Hope



Disclaimer

The information provided in this presentation does not, and is not intended to, constitute legal advice; instead, all information is for general informational purposes only. Although we try to provide the most up to date information, this presentation may not contain the most current information. You should contact your own attorney to obtain advice with respect to your particular legal matter.



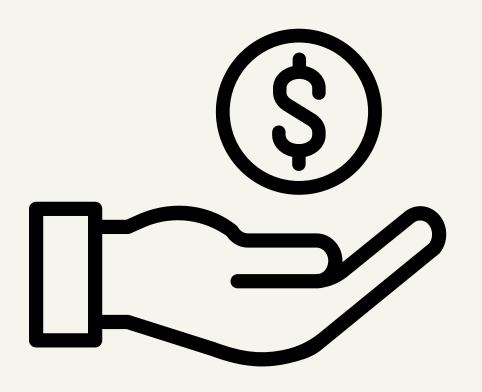
Effective January 1, 2023

- CA Employers (15+ employees) must provide a salary range on all job postings
- Upon request, an employer must provide the pay scale for the position in which the employee is <u>currently</u> employed
- Can file complaints regarding violations of law to the Labor Commissioner (w/in 1 year), who can issue civil penalties and injunctive relief

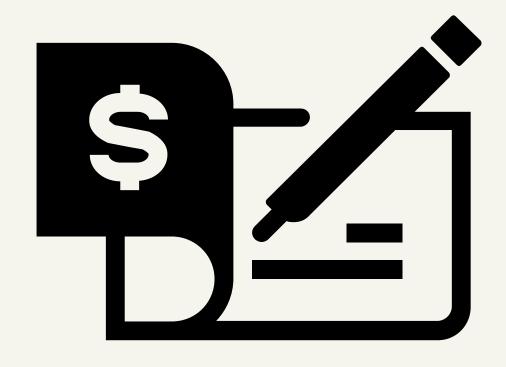


WORKERS' RIGHT TO MINIMUM WAGE

- CA Minimum Wage
 - \$15.50 for all workers on January 1, 2023
- Local Minimum Wage
 - City of L.A. \$16.78 on July 1, 2023
- Industry
- Promised Wage
 - Employer must pay the rate promised







MINIMUM WAGE

- You must get paid minimum wage even if you work by the piece or get tips
 - Your employer cannot credit your tips against the wage it owes you
- Piece Rate must be paid at least minimum wage for all hours worked. (Divide piece rate earnings by total productive hours.)
 - Non-productive hours under employer's control must be separately compensated at least minimum wage - no averaging.
 - Piece rate employees also get paid breaks and overtime



MINIMUM WAGE & CONTRACTS



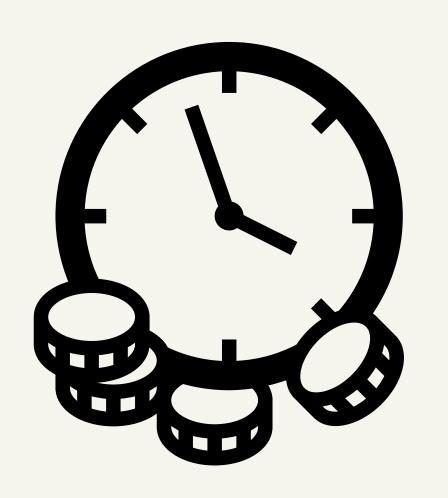
 An employee may not waive the minimum wage requirement. Such a contract is illegal and unenforceable.



OVERTIME

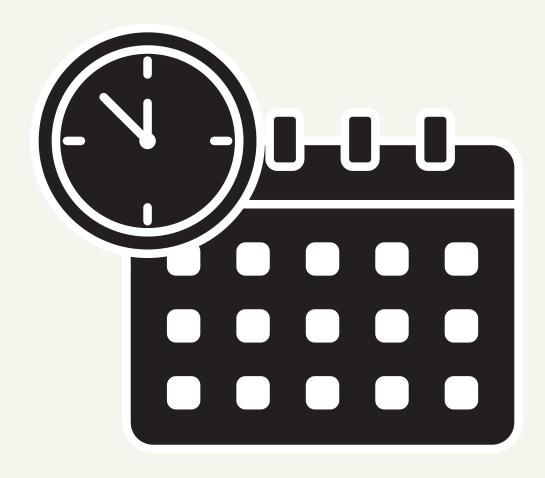


- You must be paid overtime (time and a 1/2 your regular hourly rate or pay)
 - Over 8 hours of work in one day
 - Over 40 hours in one week
 - The first 8 hours of work on the
 7th consecutive day



DOUBLE TIME

You must be paid double-time for:



- All hours worked over 12 in one day
- After the first 8 hours of work on the
 7th consecutive workday

SICK PAY

- You're entitled to 24 hours of paid sick leave per year (48 hours in the City of Los Angeles)
- Use for:
 - The diagnosis, care, or treatment of an existing health condition or preventive care for yourself or your family member/designated person
 - If you're a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking

VACATION PAY

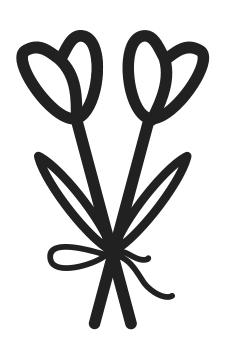
Your Boss IS NOT REQUIRED to give you:

- Holiday Pay
- Vacation Pay
- Extra Pay for working on holidays



**BUT: If your boss promises them - then the employer must pay

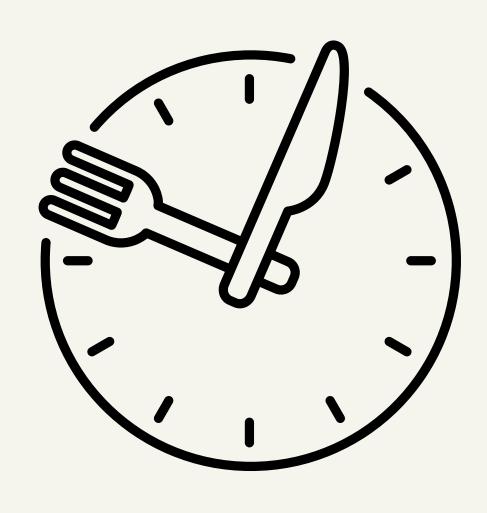
BEREAVEMENT LEAVE (AB 1949)



Effective January 1, 2023

- Employers with 5 or more employees must grant employees with 5 days of unpaid bereavement leave
- Leave is separate and distinct from the 12 weeks permitted under the California Family Rights Act
- Must be employed for 30 days
- Must be taken within 3 months of the death
- Family member includes a spouse, child, parent, sibling, grandparent, grandchild, domestic partner, or parent-inlaw
- Documentation is required upon request within 30 days
- Confidential
- Interference and retaliation prohibited

MEAL & REST BREAKS



- Paid 10-minute rest break every 4 hours of work
- Unpaid 30-minute uninterrupted meal break every 5 hours of work

Exceptions:

- ☐ 6 hours or less in workday
 - waiver with mutual consent
- ☐ On-duty meal break if:
 - employee gives written consent (can revoke at any time),
 - the nature of the work requires

BREAKS - PREMIUMS

- ☐ If your employer doesn't provide rest or meal breaks:

 - Max: I hourly premium each violation per day
- ☐ Statute of Limitations: 3 years

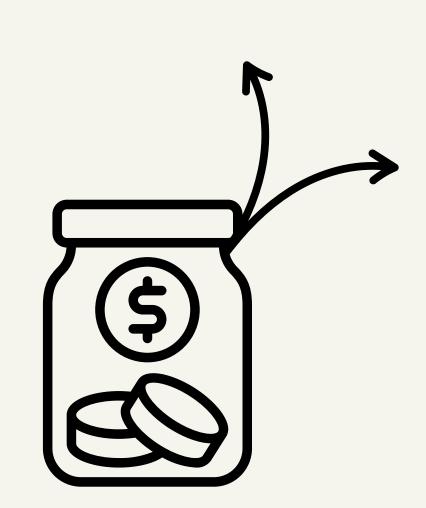
TIPS



- Tips are the sole property of the employee (an employer cannot take any part of them).
- Credit card tips must be paid by the next regular payday following the date of the CC payment.
- The employer cannot make any deductions for credit card processing



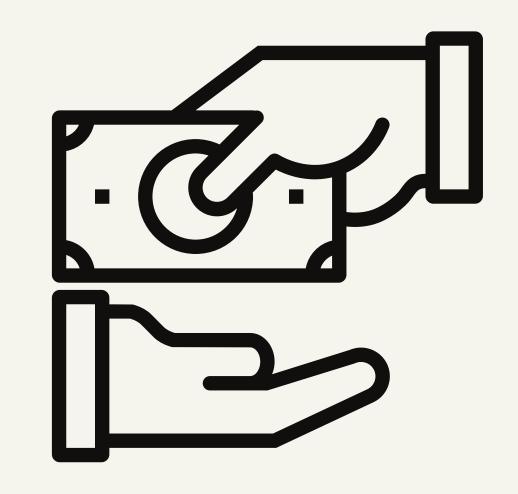
INVOLUNTARY TIP POOLING



- Involuntary Tip Pooling is permissible if the policy is not used to compensate the owner(s), manager(s), or supervisor(s), even if these individuals should provide direct table service to a patron or are in the chain of service to a patron
- The policy must be fair and reasonable
- Distributed tips among employees who provide "direct table service" or who are in the "chain of service" are fine, provided that the employee in the chain of service bears a relationship to the customers' overall experience

FINALPAY

- Must be paid on your last day when:
 - laid off or fired
 - o if you quit and give 3 days' notice
- Must be paid within 3 days if:
 - you quit without notice
- Paycheck must also have unused vacation time, but not unused sick time



WAITING TIME PENALTY



- 1 day's pay for each day late
- Up to 30 days

EXCEPTIONS TO WAGE/HOUR LAWS

Generally, the rules regarding overtime and meal/rest breaks apply to private companies, <u>not for:</u>



Independent Contractors

- Employer cannot control the details of work
- Work must be outside the ordinary business of the employer
- Worker must have an independent business



Exempt Employees

- Executives/Managers
- High-level Administrators
- Artistic/Learned Professionals
- Outside Salespersons
- Highly Compensated Computer Professionals



Unions with Collective Bargaining Agreements



RIGHTS TO WAGES REGARDLESS OF IMMIGRATION STATUS

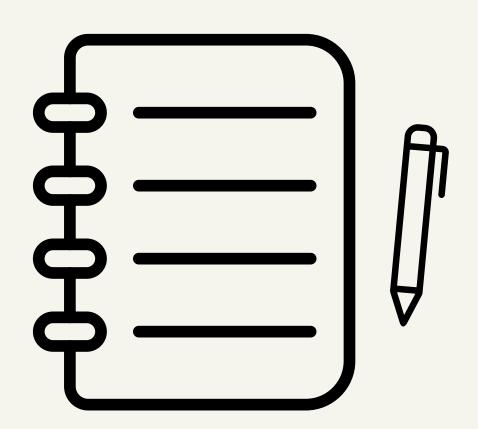
 State and federal wage and hour protections apply regardless of immigration status

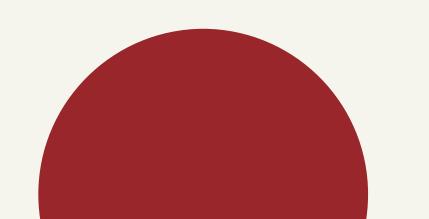
• Exceptions: Remedies of reinstatement and back pay

HOW TO PROTECT YOUR RIGHTS

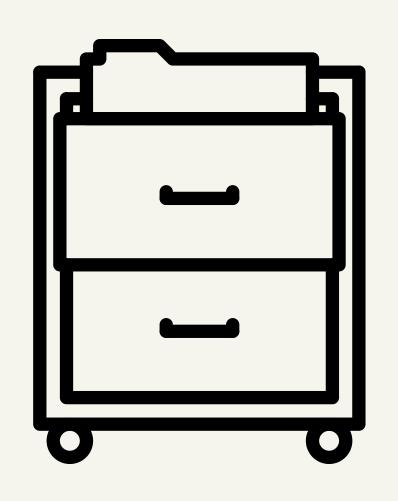
Keep Written Records

- Hours Worked
- Promises Made
- Problems
- Witnesses
- Name/contact info for other workers





HOW TO PROTECT YOUR RIGHTS



Save Copies

- Time Cards
- Checks
- Pay Stubs
- Employee Manual
- Union Contract
- Hand outs

HOW TO PROTECT YOUR RIGHTS

Get information about your employer

- Name of Company
- Name(s) of supervisors and/or owners
- Address
- Phone
- City License Numbers
- Garment Labels
- Day laborers: employer's auto license



RECOVER UNPAID WAGES

Demand Payment
Either write a letter
or talk to your boss
(preferably in a
group)

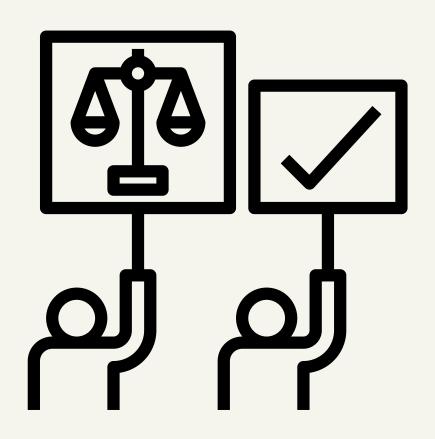
File a claim with the California Labor Commissioner or Small Claims Court

> **Advantages and Disadvantages of Each Route**



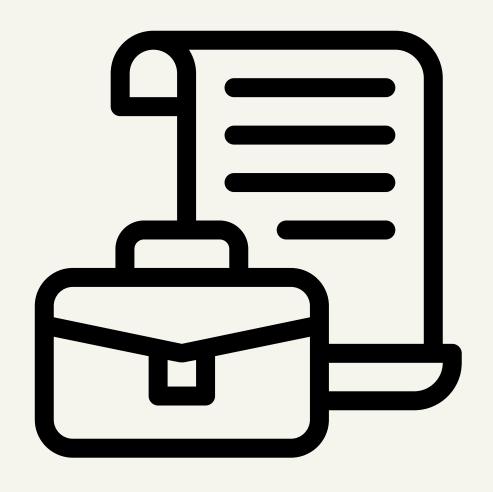
OTHER CIVIL RIGHTS AT WORK







"At Will" Employment: Employer can discharge an employee at any time for any reason (Cal. Labor Code Section 2922)



Exceptions:

- Anti-discrimination laws
- Breach of contract (written or oral)
- Breach of collective bargaining agreement
- Breach of public policy grounded in statute or state constitution

DISCRIMINATION

- Race, Color
- Religion
- Sex (includes pregnancy)
- Sexual Orientation
- Gender Identity
- Gender Expression

Disparate Impact
Disparate Treatment

- National Origin/Ancestry
- Age (40+)
- Genetic Info
- Marital Status
- Disability
- Medical Condition

FORMS OF DISCRIMINATION

- Hiring
- Firing
- Discipline
- Pay
- Benefits
- Accommodation
- Other





HARASSMENT

What is Sexual Harassment?

Unwanted and unwelcome gender-based conduct of a sexual nature

Types of Sexual Harassment

 Quid Pro Quo ("something for something")

2. Hostile Work Environment

(severe or pervasive --> though under CA law, a single incident may be sufficient if the harassing conduct unreasonably interfered with the employee's work performance or created an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working environment)

Examples

- Verbal Conduct
- Sexual Advances
- Emails
- "Jokes"
- Innuendos
- Leering
- Touching
- Blocking path

California Leave Laws

California Family Rights Act (CFRA)

- Employers with 5+ employees must allow eligible employees (1250 hours in last year) to take <u>up to 12 weeks job protected leave for:</u>
 - the birth, adoption, or foster care placement of a child
 - Employee's own serious health condition
 - To care for a child, spouse, domestic partner, parent, parent-in-law, grandparent, grandchild, sibling, or someone else related by blood or in a family-like relationship ("designated person") with a serious health condition
 - A qualifying exigency related to the covered active duty or call to covered active duty of a spouse, domestic partner, child, or parent in the military



- 4 months of unpaid job protected leave
- No tenure requirement
- Provide 30 days' notice or as soon as practicable



REASONABLE ACCOMODATION



Religious

Sincerely held religious belief interferes with job duties



Pregnancy

 Advice of healthcare provider – childbirth, pregnancy, and related medical conditions



Disability (Mental, Physical, HIV, Cancer)

- Enable employee to perform essential job functions
- "Interactive process" to determine whether a reasonable accommodation exists



Accommodations

- Job restructuring/modification
- Job reassignment
- Allowing time off
- Equipment

RETALIATION

- Protected Activity
- Adverse job action
- Causal link

Employer aware of protected activity; and adverse action followed within a relatively short period of time





SEVERANCE PAY

Exception #1: Severance pay required by an employment contract

Exception # 2: Severance pay required by a policy or practice

Exception # 3: Severance pay in exchange for a release of legal

claims

Exception # 4: Mass layoff or plant closing without adequate notice



UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

- Generally, CA employees who become unemployed through no fault of their own are entitled to 6 months of Unemployment Insurance (UI) benefits
- To qualify, you must:
 - Earn enough wages during the base period
 - Lose your job through no fault of your own
 - Be ready, willing, and able to accept new work immediately
- You may apply for UI benefits via the Employment Development Department's (EDD) website at: www.edd.ca.gov/unemployment/ or by calling 1-800-300-5616

UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Employee/Independent Contractor

- Only Employees are entitled to unemployment insurance because their employers pay into the system.
- Misclassified employees can ask for an audit

Laid Off

 If you are fired because your employer does not have enough work, or cannot afford to keep you, then you may apply for unemployment

Voluntarily Quit

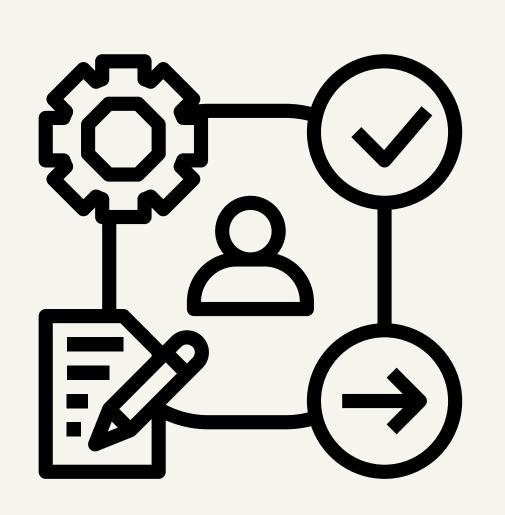
- If you quit your job, you can only get benefits if you can show:
 - You had Good Cause to quit; AND
 - You did everything reasonable to keep employment before quitting

Terminated for Reasons Other Than Misconduct

• Misconduct is a serious breach of the duties you owe your employer, either on purpose or with major carelessness



HOW DO EMPLOYEES PROTECT THEMSELVES



- Document everything . Keep a journal. Keep all documentation of the alleged discriminatory conduct, including e - mails. Take pictures on your phone
- Talk to other employees
- Talk to a supervisor or management or Human Resources
- Consult an attorney
- File a complaint with the Civil Rights Department (800) 884 1684 or Labor Commissioner (888) 275 9243
- File a Lawsuit



CALL LAFLA TODAY WE'RE HERE TO HELP!

CALL TO APPLY: 1 (800)-399-4529

APPLY ONLINE: LAFLA.ORG

APPLY IN PERSION:

OFFICE LOCATIONS

East Los Angeles:5301Whittier Blvd., 4th Floor, Los Angeles, CA 90022

Ron Olson Justice Center: 1550 W. 8th Street, Los Angeles, CA 90017

Long Beach: 601Pacific Ave., Long Beach, CA 90802

Santa Monica: 1640 5th Street, Suite 124, Santa Monica, CA 90401

South Los Angeles: 700 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, CA 90003



Please inform the intake worker that you learned about LAFLA from TODAY'S **PRESENTATION**

